

Wide-field subsecond temporal resolution optical monitoring systems for the detection and study of cosmic hazards

Beskin G., Karpov S., Plokhotnichenko V., Bondar S., Perkov A., Ivanov E., Katkova E., Sasyuk V., Shearer E.

Kazan Federal University, 420008, Kremlevskaya 18, Kazan, Russia

Abstract

The possibility of using multi-objective optical telescopes equipped with detectors with high time resolution is studied. Two types of instruments with six and nine channels are considered here, which include the standard high-aperture objectives with small diameters, panoramic detectors with high time resolution, and equatorial mounts. The instruments function in two regimes, the monitoring mode and the follow-up mode in which all objectives observe one field with a rapidly moving celestial object detected by monitoring. Using the FAVOR and TORTORA cameras moving satellites and meteors of 9-10 stellar magnitudes in brightness were registered. The positive experience acquired from the exploitation of the FAVOR and TORTORA systems led to awareness of the need to further develop the wide-field technique to search for fast optical transients. The main result of the realization of the project will be the construction of a new type of instrument to discover and study rapidly variable optical sources with a priori unknown location.

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